

PRIORITIES	ACTIONS	BENEFITS	Individuals and families	Communities schools & workplaces	Health services	Industry	Cwth, States & Local Government
Ensure access to information, treatment and services for people in highly disadvantaged groups	Run media advertising and other programs and services tailored for Indigenous people	Indigenous people relate to and pass on messages that support quitting and smoke-free places in their communities					
	Ensure availability and accessibility of nicotine replacement therapy for Indigenous people	Indigenous people are encouraged to quit smoking and are able to access NRT to support quitting attempts		■			■
	Fund Indigenous health organisations and workers to raise awareness of smoking and promote smokefree policies in local communities and services	Indigenous health groups disseminate findings from evaluations and programs and provide information, resources and support to local workers	■	■	■		■
		Indigenous leaders and health services (together with state and territory governments) tailor approaches and service to reach Indigenous people					■
	Fund research to evaluate innovative strategies to reduce smoking in Indigenous communities	Indigenous communities and health services better informed about effective ways to reduce smoking prevalence and exposure to tobacco smoke	■		■		■
	Ensure all state-funded human services agencies, and correctional facilities are smoke-free, identify smoking status of clients and refer to cessation supports	Clients of state-funded human services who smoke and are in immediate financial stress and people in correctional facilities have access to NRT free	■		■		■

For more detail on tobacco see *Technical Paper 2: Making Smoking History*: [www.preventativehealth.org.au](http://www.preventativehealth.org.au)

Table 3 below sets out some of the ways in which individuals and families, communities, health services, industry and governments can work together on these priorities to achieve change in alcohol-related harm.